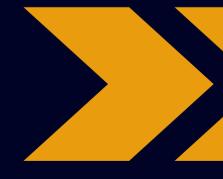
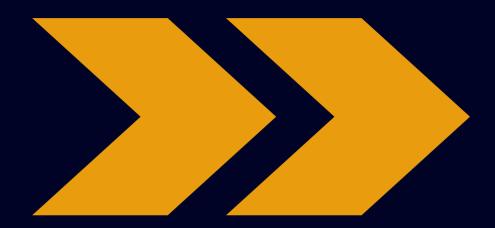




WHAT'S A LEADER?

Not a trick question.







NOTHING MORE, NOTHING LESS



-JOHN MAXWELL

AH, FLOVERS.

Bunnies and rainbows? Yes, please!





BUSINESS REALITY

Hang on. We are moving fast!



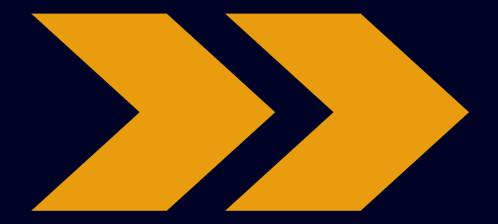
THERE IS ONLY THE FAST LANE





SKILLS THAT LEAD MODERN CHANGE

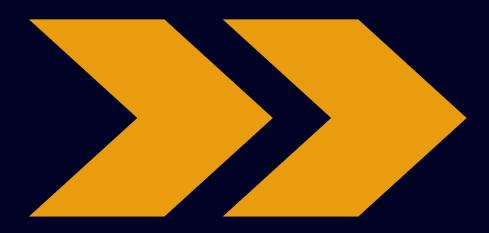
01. Digital Fluency

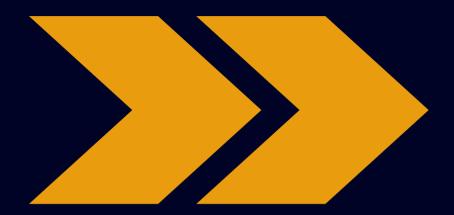


02. Adaptability

03. Purpose Driven

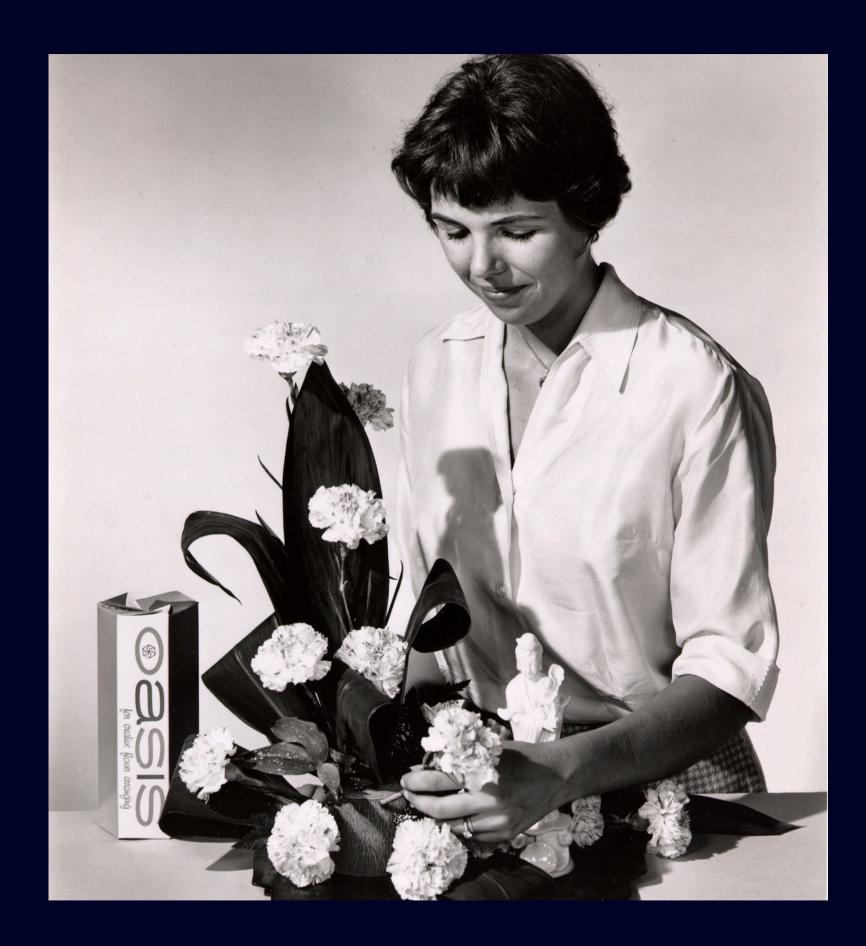
04. Collaboration

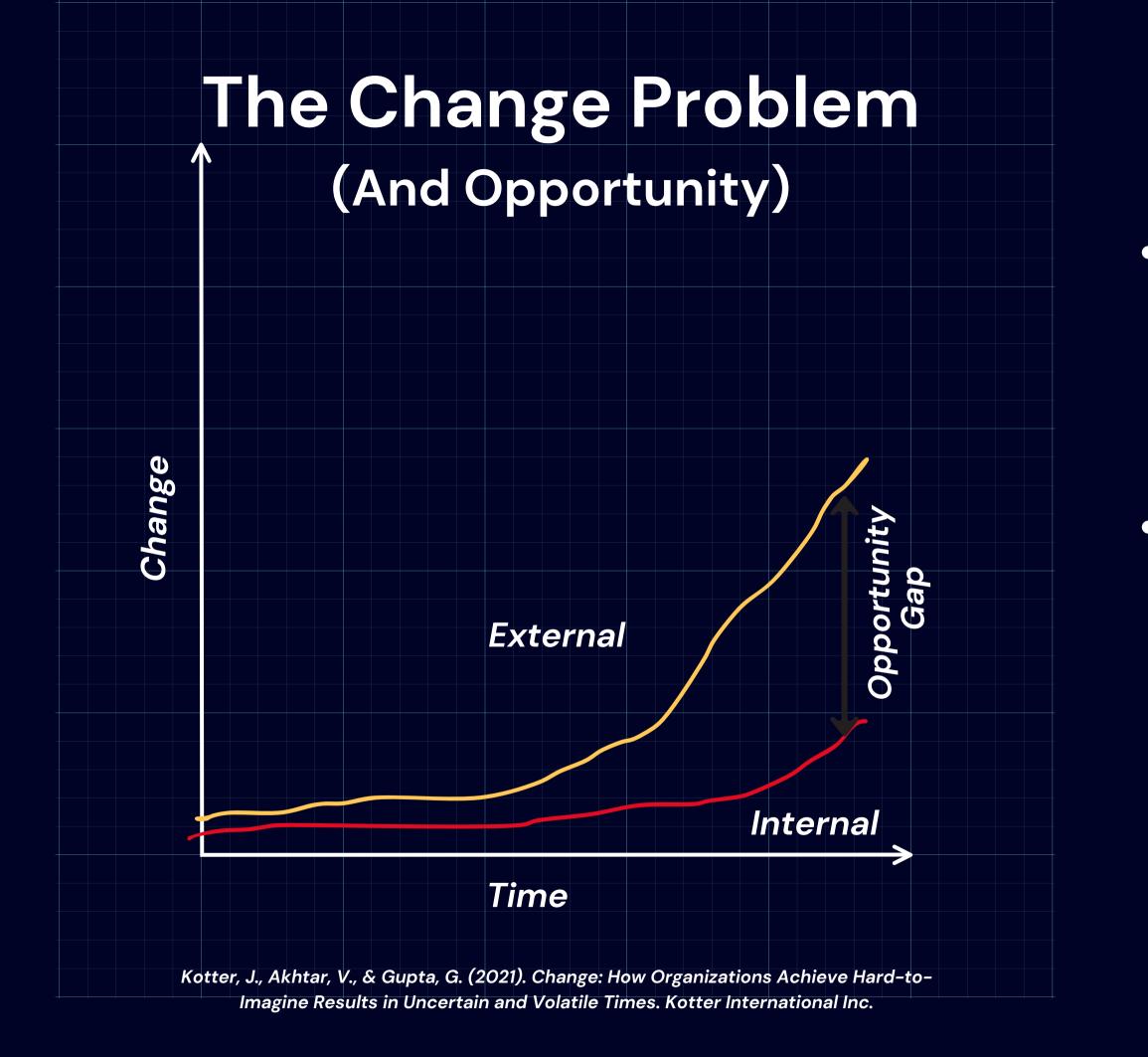




How Old Is Your Organization?

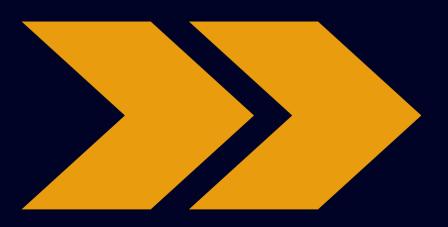
(we just turned 70)





Increased Complexity: The growing complexity of global markets and tech

 Gap in Adaptability: between the rate of change and the adaptability of organizations

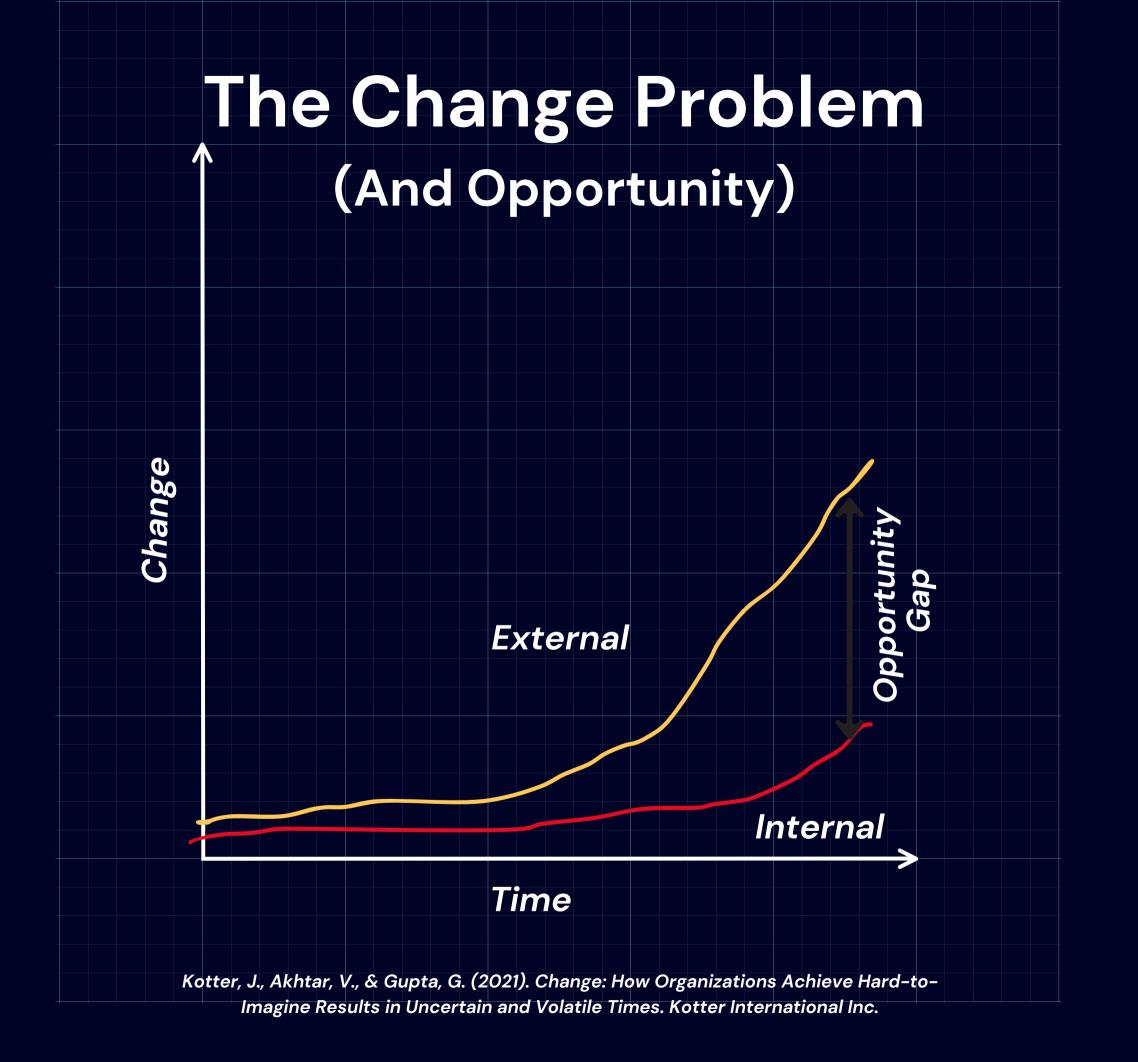


How Long Have You Been Working?



S

mmil

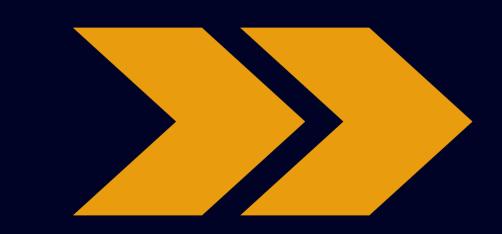


The YOU Change Problem (And Opportunity)

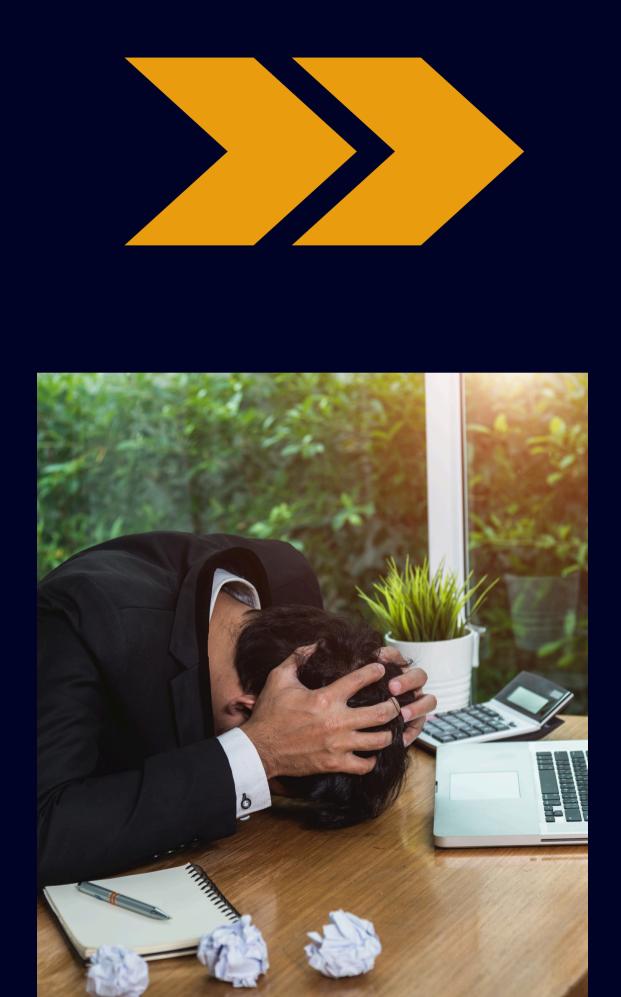
Human Behavior: The hardwiring of human behavior for survival often resists rapid change



The hardest part of leading change...



establishing credibility and overcoming resistance



Reasons why change Fails

- Navigating Hierarchies
- Resistance to Change

• Perceived Lack of Experience • Balancing Enthusiasm with Realism Managing Pushback and Criticism • Limited Authority or Resources Balancing Advocacy with Humility • Proving Long-Term Commitment • Understanding Organizational Culture • Grasping unwritten rules of the org

YOUR 6 STEPS TO LEADING CHANGE IN YOUR ORG



Build Credibility









Identify Opportunities



Be Resilient



Building Credibility

You+ Competence + Character + Consistency= AMAZING WORKER!



BUILDING CREDIBILITY

- Demonstrate competence and a strong work ethic in your current role.
- Be reliable and consistent, showing that you are dependable for both everyday tasks and larger initiatives.

Competence

character

Consistency



First 90 Day

Employees start to build a foundation for credibility by learning the organization's culture, meeting initial expectations, and establishing relationships. Consistently delivering on promises during this period is critical.

1 to 3 Years

Employees who have repeatedly delivered results, built strong networks, and maintained professionalism typically solidify their credibility within the organization. They may be considered for leadership roles or more significant responsibilities.

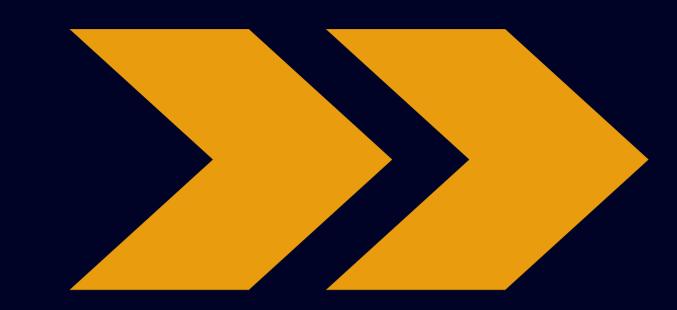
TIMELINE-O-CREDIBILITY

6 Months to 1 Year

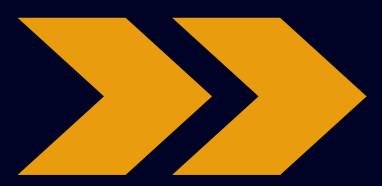
By this point, employees who consistently demonstrate competence, integrity, and reliability often earn a higher level of trust and credibility. They've had time to showcase their skills and build a reputation.



Guess: average tenure of employees <40?







BULD CREDIBILITY FASTER

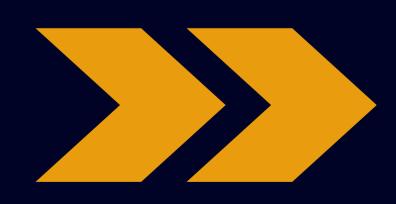
- Deliver Quick Wins: Focus on small, impactful contributions early on.
- Be Transparent: Admit when you don't know something and show a willingness to learn. • Build Relationships: Take time to understand colleagues' needs and collaborate effectively. • Communicate Effectively: Keep stakeholders informed and follow through on commitments. • Seek Feedback: Actively ask for input and use it to improve, signaling a growth mindset.



BE GOOD AT YOUR JOB

And someone you would want to work with...









UNDERSTANDING COMPETENCE





What key skills and knowledge are required to excel in my role, and how proficient am I in each area? How effectively do I apply my skills to solve problems and contribute to team or organizational goals?



What feedback have I received about my performance, and how have I used it to improve my competence?

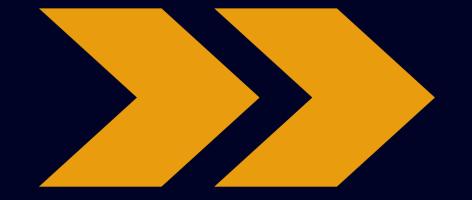


"Hi, my name is [Your Name]. In my role as a [Your Job Title], competence means being [Adjective] and mastering [Skill or Knowledge Area]. The most critical skill I bring to the table is [Skill or Knowledge], which helps me [Action or Task]. To build my competence quickly, I focus on [Learning Strategy or Action]."





"Hi, my name is Laura. In my role as a Marketing Director, competence means being strategic, empowering the team and making data-driven decisions. The most critical skill I bring to the table is market development, which helps me create new opportunities for the company. To build my competence quickly, I focus on analyzing market trends, testing new strategies, and learning from other industries."

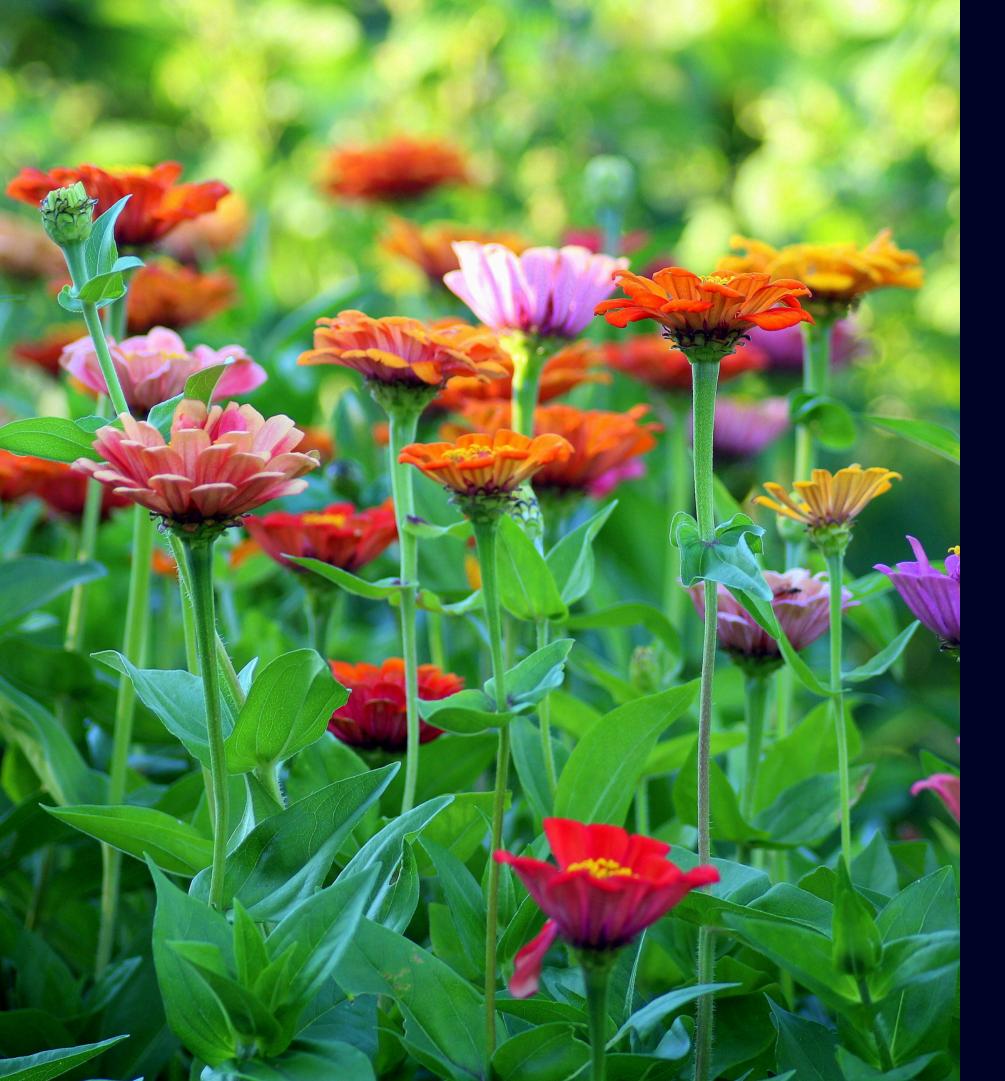




"Hi, my name is [Your Name]. In my role as a [Your Job Title], competence means being [Adjective] and mastering [Skill or Knowledge Area]. The most critical skill I bring to the table is [Skill or Knowledge], which helps me [Action or Task]. To build my competence quickly, I focus on [Learning Strategy or Action]."



5 MINUTES!



Understand Your Organization

Know the garden you're growing in..

UNDERSTAND THE ORG

Do you know your company mission, vision, vision,

What are we doing here?

Learn the company's goals, values, and culture to align your ideas with organizational priorities.



Who has the Power?

Identify decision-makers and influencers within the company and understand their perspectives.







French and Raven's Six Forms of Power. Understanding Where Power Comes From in the Workplace

6 FORMS OF POWER

6 FORMS **OF POWER**



LEGIT

Authority based on position or role

(YOUR BOSS)

REFERENT

Power from personal traits or relationships

(CHARISMATIC LEADERS, INFLUENCE)

Ability to impose penalties or consequences

> (SUPERVISOR THREATENING DISCIPLINARY ACTION)

REWARD

Ability to provide rewards

(SALES LEADER GIVING INCENTIVES,)

EXPERT

derived from specialized knowledge or skills

(CERTIFICATIONS, EXPERIENCE, OR MASTERY)

COERCIVE



Control over access to information and its dissemination)

(STRATEGIC WITHHOLDING OR SELECTIVE SHARING OF INFORMATION)

TYPES OF POVER

Map what type of "power" do these individuals have?

Answers include legitimate power (e.g., organizational hierarchy), reward power (e.g., bonuses, promotions), coercive power (e.g., disciplinary actions), expert power (e.g., specialized knowledge), and referent power (e.g., personal relationships), informational power (systems, data)

> In Your Organization

10 MINUTES!







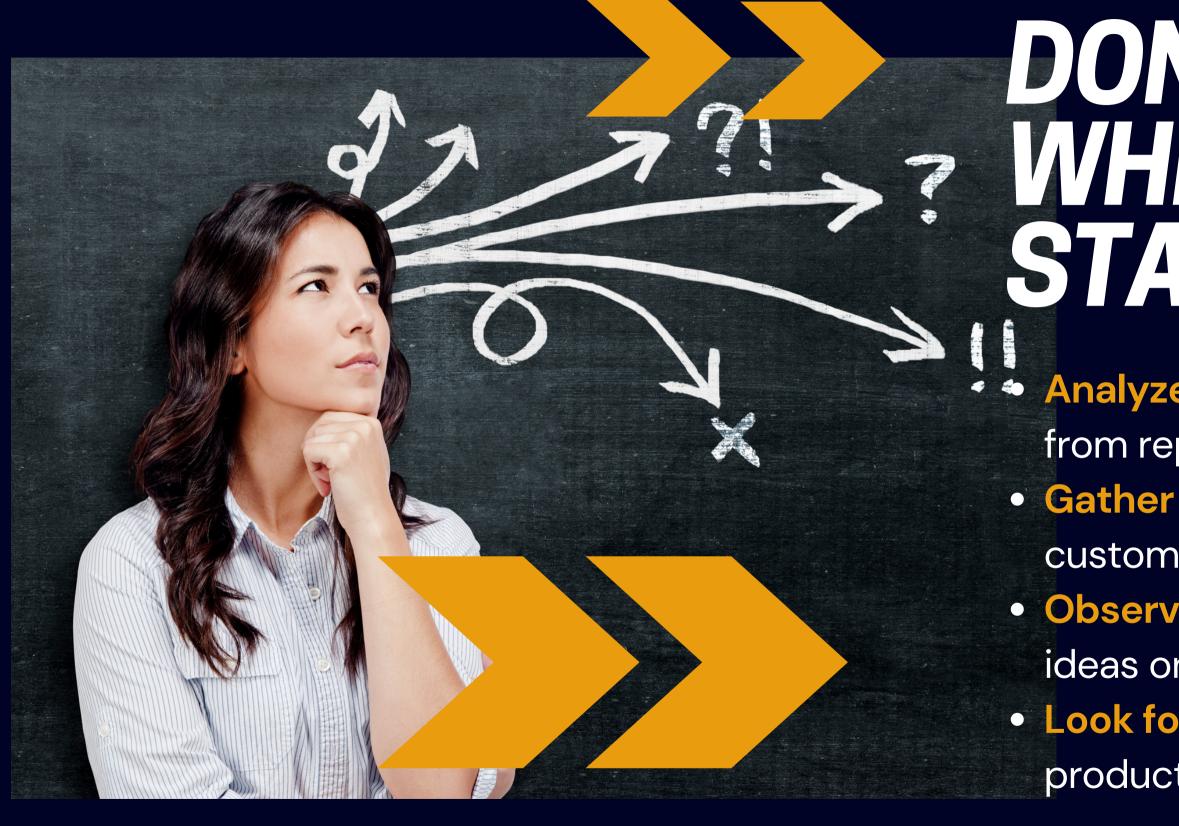
Leadership
without1Influence Through Contributionformal
power2Leadership Through Collaboration3Role Model Behavior



SPOT OPPORTUNITIES

 Drives innovation and improvement • Helps solve inefficiencies and challenges • Creates competitive advantages

(PSSST! THIS MAKES YOU MORE VALUABLE!)



DON'T KNOW WHERE TO START?

 Analyze Data & Trends – Use insights from reports, KPIs, and industry research
Gather Feedback – Engage employees, customers, and stakeholders for insights
Observe and Experiment – Test new ideas on a small scale to assess potential
Look for Unmet Needs – Identify gaps in products, services, or processes

ASK YOURSELF



• What's the opportunity? • Will it make a difference? • Can we actually **DO** it? • Does it support our goals? Is it in my scope? • Do | **ACTUALLY** care?

- Digital Transformation & Efficiency Automate tasks, introduce collaboration tools, enhance cybersecurity.
- Workplace Culture & Engagement Promote mental health, mentoring, and flexible work policies.
- **Sustainability** Reduce waste, launch community programs, encourage responsible sourcing.
- Process & Workflow Improvements Streamline workflows, reduce unnecessary meetings, improve knowledge-sharing.
- Innovation & Product Development Suggest new ideas, improve customer experience, lead pilot programs.

- SPOT
- programs.

OPPORTUNITIES • Learning & Development – Organize training, mentorship, and leadership

• Social Media & Branding – Improve digital presence, employer branding, and social media strategy.

• Customer-Centric Improvements-Implement customer feedback loops, personalize marketing efforts.

• Cross-Departmental Collaboration – Align teams, facilitate idea-sharing, and improve knowledge exchange.







MAKE A PLAN To communicate and sell your ideas!



KNOWYOUR AUDIENCE

How do they make decisions? What do they care about? How do they want to be communicated with?



CREATING A PLAN

Consider these steps when creating a plan to sell your idea!















Ask For Feedback



To communicate and sell your ideas!



Selling Your Ideas

Engage don't just inform

Handle Objections Gracefully

ASK FOR THE SALE

End with a Call To Action



RESILIANT Stay Motivated and Adaptable

"It's Not the Big That Eat the Small...It's the Fast That Eat the Slow."

Jennings, J., & Haughton, L. (2001). It's Not the Big That Eat the Small... It's the Fast That Eat the Slow: How to Use Speed as a Competitive Tool in Business. Harper Business.





WANT COPIES?

Of these worksheets

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